

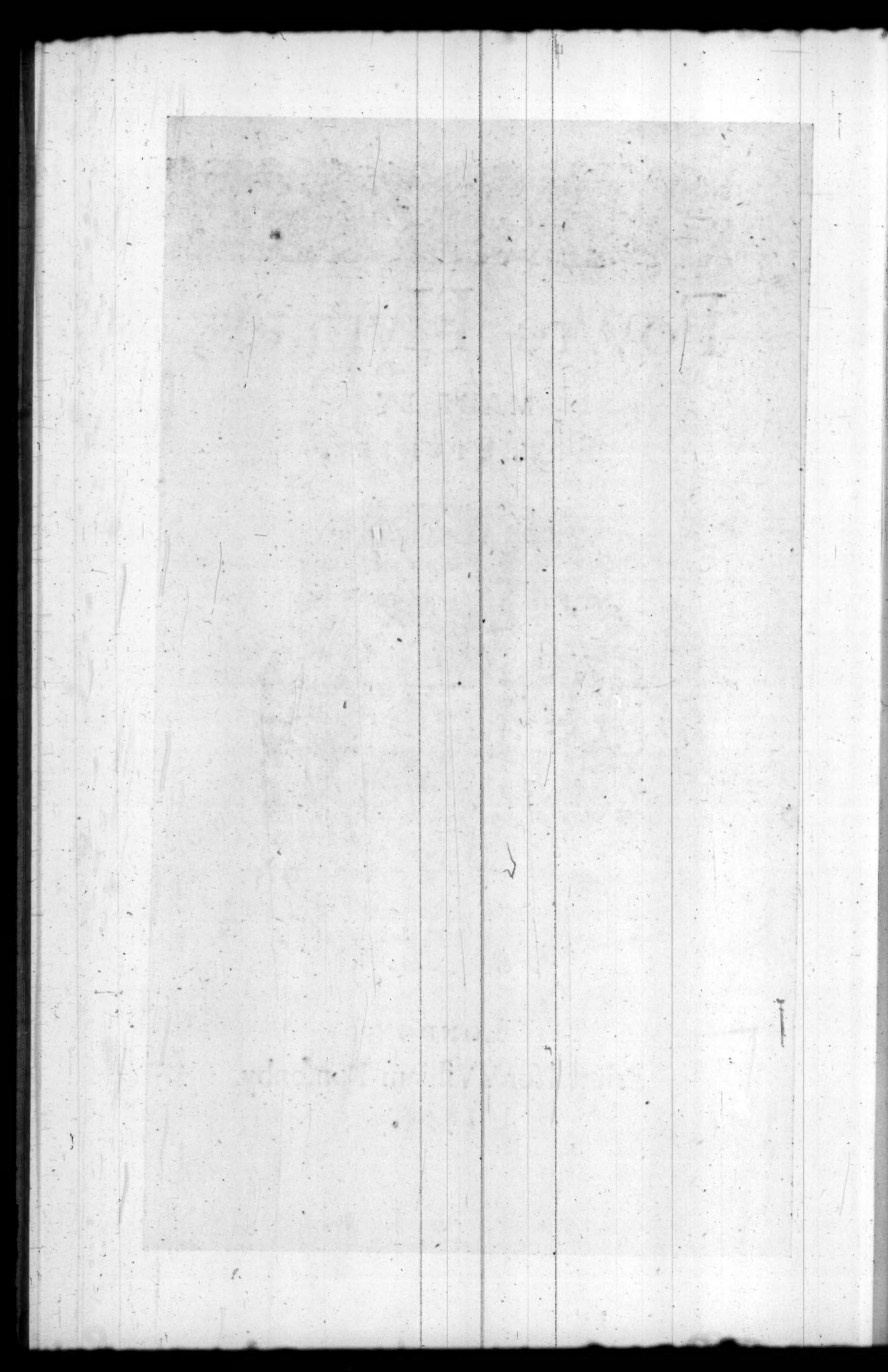


Fowre Hymnes,

MADE BY
EDM. SPENSER.



LONDON,
Printed for VVilliam Ponsonby.
1596.





TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE AND MOST VERTUOUS Ladies, the Ladie Margaret Countesse of Cumberland, and the Ladie Marie Countesse of Warwicke.



Auing in the greener times
of my youth, composed these
former two Hymnes in the
praise of Loue and beautie,
and finding that the same
too much pleased those of
like age & dispositiō, which
being too vehemently caried
with that kind of affection,
do rather sucke out poyson to their strong passion, then
hony to their honest delight, I was moued by the one of
you two most excellent Ladies, to call in the same. But
being unable so to doe, by reason that many copies
thereof were formerly scattered abroad, I resolued at
least to amend, and by way of retractation to reforme
them, making instead of those two Hymnes of earthly
or naturall loue and beautie, two others of heauenly and
celestiall. The which I doe dedicate ioyntly vnto you
two honorable sisters, as to the most excellent and rare
ornaments of all true loue and beautie, both in the one

A ij

and the other kinde, humbly beseeching you to vouchsafe the patronage of them, and so accept this my humble seruice, in lieu of the great graces and honourable faours which ye dayly shew unto me, untill such time as I may by better meanes yeeld you some more notable testimonie of my thankfull mind and dutifull aeuotion.

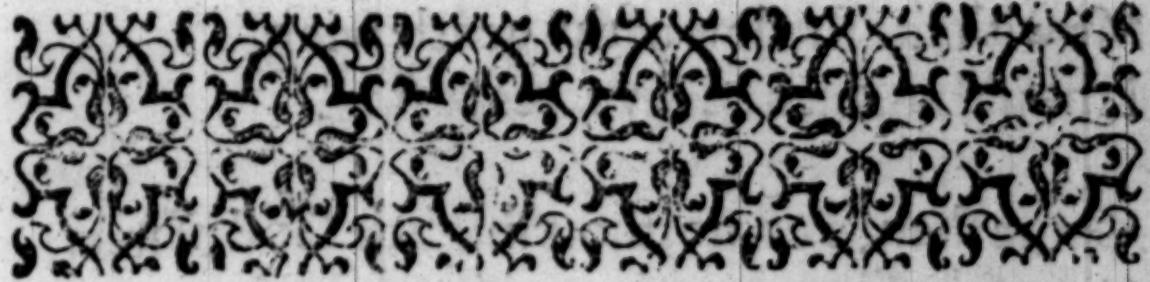
And euен so I pray for your happiness.

Greenwich this first of September.

1596.

Your Honors most bounden euer
in all humble seruice.

Ed. Sp.



AN HYMNE IN HONOVR OF LOVE.

Loue, that long since hast to thy mighty powre,
Perforce subdude my poore captiuued hart,
And raging now therein with restlesse stowre,
Doest tyrannize in euerie weaker part;
Faine would I seeke to ease my bitter smart,
By any seruice I might do to thee,
Or ought that else might to thee pleasing bee.

And now t'affwage the force of this new flame,
And make thee more propitious in my need,
I meane to sing the praises of thy name,
And thy victorious conquests to areed;
By which thou madest many harts to bleed
Of mighty Victors, with wyde wounds embrewed,
And by thy cruell darts to thee subdewed.

Onely I feare my wits enfeebled late, (bred,
Through the sharpe sorrowes, which thou hast me
Should faint, and words should faile me, to relate
The wondrous triumphis of thy great godhed.
But if thou wouldest vouchsafe to ouerisped

§

AN HYMNE

Me with the shadow of thy gentle wing,
I should enabled be thy actes to sing.

Come then, ô come, thou mightie God of loue,
Out of thy siluer bowres and secret blisse,
Wher thou doest sit in *Venus* lap aboue,
Bathing thy wings in her ambrosiall kisse,
That sweeter farre then any Nectar is ;
Come softly, and my feeble breast inspire
With gentle furie, kindled of thy fire.

And ye sweet Muses, which haue often proued
The piercing points of his auengefull darts ;
And ye faire Nymphs, which oftentimes haue loued
The cruell worker of your kindly smarts,
Prepare your selues, and open wide your harts,
For to receiue the triumph of your glorie,
That made you merie oft, when ye were sorie.

And ye faire blossomes of youths wanton breed,
Which in the conquests of your beautie bost,
Wherewith your louers feeble eyes you feed,
But sterue their harts, that needeth nourture most,
Prepare your selues, to march amongst his host,
And all the way this sacred hymne do sing,
Made in the honor of your Soueraigne king.

Great

Great god of might, that reignest in the mynd,
And all the bodie to thy hest doest frame,
Victor of gods, subduer of mankynd,
That doest the Lions and fell Tigers tame,
Making their cruell rage thy scornefull game,
And in their roring taking great delight;
Who can expresse the glorie of thy might?

Or who aliue can perfectly declare,
The wondrous cradle of thine infancie?
When thy great mother *Venus* first thee bare,
Begot of Plentie and of Penurie,
Though elder then thine owne nativitie;
And yet a chyld, renewing still thy yeares;
And yet the eldest of the heauenly Peares.

For ere this worlds still mouing mighty masse,
Out of great *Chaos* vgly prison crept,
In which his goodly face long hidden was
From heauens view, and in deepe darknesse kept,
Loue, that had now long time securely slept
In *Venus* lap, vnarm'd then and naked,
Gan reare his head, by *Clotho* being waked.

And taking to him wings of his owne heate,
Kindled at first from heauens life-giving fyre,
He gan to moue out of his idle seate,
VVeakely at first, but after with desyre
Lifted aloft, he gan to mount vp hyre,
And like fresh Eagle, make his hardie flight
Through all that great wide waſt, yet waſting light.

AN HYMNE

Yet wanting light to guide his wandring way,
 His owne faire mother, for all creatures sake,
 Did lend him light from her owne goodly ray :
 Then through the world his way he gan to take,
 The world that was not till he did it make ;
 Whose sundrie parts he frō them selues did seuer,
 The which before had lyen confused euer.

The earth, the ayre, the water, and the fyre,
 Then gan to raunge them selues in huge array,
 And with contrary forces to conspyre
 Each against other, by all meanes they may,
 Threatning their owne confusion and decay :
 Ayre hated earth, and water hated fyre,
 Till Loue relented their rebellious yre.

He then them tooke, and tempering goodly well
 Their contrary dislikes with loued meanes,
 Did place them all in order, and compell
 To keepe them selues within their sundrie raines,
 Together linkt with Adamantine chaines ;
 Yet so, as that in euery liuing wight
 They mixe themselues, & shew their kindly might.

So euer since they firmly haue remained,
 And duly well obserued his behest; (ned
 Through which now all these things that are cōtai-
 Within this goodly cope, both most and least
 Their being haue, and dayly are increast,
 Through secret sparks of his infused fyre,
 Which in the barraine cold he doth inspyre.

Thereby

OF LOVE.

Thereby they all do liue, and moued are
To multiply the likenesse of their kynd,
Whilst they seeke onely, without further care,
To quench the flame, which they in burning fynd:
But man, that breathes a more immortall mynd,
Not for lusts sake, but for eternitie,
Seekes to enlarge his lasting progenie.

For hauing yet in his deducted spright,
Some sparks remaining of that heauenly fyre,
He is enlumind with that goodly light,
Vnto like goodly semblant to aspyre:
Therefore in choice of loue, he doth desyre
That seemes on earth most heauenly, to embrace,
That same is Beautie, borne of heauenly race.

For sure of all, that in this mortall frame
Contained is, nought more diuine doth seeme,
Or that resembleth more th'immortall flame
Of heauenly light, then Beauties glorious beame.
What wonder then, if with such rage extreme
Fraile men, whose eyes seek heauenly things to see,
At sight thereof so much enrauished bee?

Which well perceiuing that imperious boy,
Doth therwith tip his sharp empoisned darts; (coy,
Which glancing through the eyes with couetenāce
Rest not, till they haue pierst the trembling harts,
And kindled flame in all their inner parts,
Which suckes the blood, and drinketh vp the lyfe
Of carefull wretches with consuming griefe.

AN HYMNE

Thenceforth they playne, & make ful piteous monē
 Vnto the author of their balefull bane ; (grone,
 The daies they waste, the nights they grieue and
 Their liues they loath, and heauens light disdaine;
 No light but that , whose lampe doth yet remaine
 Fresh burning in the image of their eye,
 They deigne to see , and seeing it still dye.

The whylſt thou tyrant Loue doest laugh & scorne
 At their complaints, making their paine thy play;
 Whyleſt they lye languishing like thrals forlorne,
 The whyles thou doest triumph in their decay,
 And otherwhyles, their dying to delay,
 Thou doest emmable the proud hart of her,
 Whose loue before their life they doe prefer.

So haſt thou often done (ay me the more)
 To me thy vassall, whose yet bleeding hart,
 With thousand wounds thou mangled haſt ſo ſore
 That whole remaines ſcarſe any little part ,
 Yet to augment the anguith of my ſmart,
 Thou haſt enrozen her diſdainefull breſt,
 That no one drop of pitie there doth reſt.

Why then do I this honor vnto thee,
 Thus to ennable thy victoriouſ name,
 Since thou doest ſhew no fauour vnto mee,
 Ne once moue ruth in that rebellious Dame;
 Somewhat to slacke the rigour of my flame ?
 Certes ſinall glory doest thou wiſſe hereby ,
 To let her liue thus free, and me to dy.

But

OF LOVE.

7

But if thou be indeede, as men thee call,
The worlds great Parent, the most kind preseruer
Of living wights, the soueraine Lord of all,
How falles it then, that with thy furious feruour,
Thou doest afflict as well the not deseruer,
As him that doeth thy louely heasts despize,
And on thy subiects most doest tyrannize?

Yet herein eke thy glory seemeth more,
By so hard handling those which best thee serue,
That ere thou doest them vnto grace restore,
Thou mayest well trie if they will euer swerue,
And mayest them make it better to deserue,
And hauing got it, may it more esteeme,
For things hard gotten, men more dearely deeme.

So hard those heauenly beauties be enfyred,
As things diuine, least passions doe impresse,
The more of stedfast mynds to be admyrede,
The more they stayed be on stedfastnesse:
But baseborne mynds such lamps regard the lesse,
Which at first blowing take not hastic fyre,
Such fancies feele no loue, but loose defyre.

For loue is Lord of truth and loialtie,
Lifting himselfe out of the lowly dust,
On golden plumes vp to the purest skie,
Aboue the reach of loathly sinfull lust,
Whose base affect through cowardly distrust
Of his weake wings, dare not to heauen fly,
But like a moldwarpe in the earth doth ly.

B ij

AN HYMNE

His dunghill thoughts, which do them selues enure
 To dirtie drosse, no higher dare aspyre,
 Ne can his feeble earthly eyes endure
 The flaming light of that celestiall fyre,
 Which kindleth loue in generous desyre,
 And makes him mount aboue the nature might
 Of heauie earth, vp to the heauens hight.

Such is the powre of that sweet passion,
 That it all sordid basenesse doth expell,
 And the refyned mynd doth newly fashon
 Vnto a fairer forme, which now doth dwell
 In his high thought, that would it selfe excell ;
 Which he beholding still with constant sight,
 Admires the mirroure of so heauenly light.

VWhose image printing in his deepest wit,
 He thereon feeds his hungric fantasy,
 Still full, yet neuer satisfyde with it,
 Like *Tantale*, that in store doth sterued ly :
 So doth he pine in most satiety,
 For nought may quench his infinite desyre,
 Once kindled through that first conceiued fyre.

Thereon his mynd affixed wholly is,
 Ne thinks on ought, but how it to attaine ;
 His care, his joy, his hope is all on this,
 That seemes in it all blisses to containe,
 In sight whereof, all other blisse seemes vaine.
 Thrise happie man, might he the same possesse ;
 He faines himselfe, and doth his fortune blesse.

And

OF LOVE.

9

And though he do not win his wish to end,
Yet thus farre happye he him selfe doth weene,
That heauens such happye grace did to him lend,
As thing on earth so heauenly, to haue seene,
His harts enshrined saint, his heauens queene,
Fairer then fairest, in his fayning eye,
Whose sole aspect he counts felicitye.

Then forth he castes in his vnquiet thought,
What he may do, her fauour to obtaine ;
What braue exploit, what perill hardly wrought,
What puissant conquest, what aduenturons paine,
May please her best, and grace vnto him gaine :
He dreads no danger, nor misfortune feares,
His faith, his fortune, in his breast he beares.

Thou art his god, thou art his mightie guyde,
Thou being blind, letst him not see his feares,
But cariest him to that which he hath eyde,
Through seas, through flames, through thousand
swords and speares:
Ne ought so strong that may his force withstand,
With which thou arnest his resistlesse hand.

Witnessse *Leander*, in the Euxine waues,
And stout *Aeneas* in the Troiane fyre,
Achilles preassing through the Phrygian glaiues,
And *Orpheus* daring to prouoke the yre
Of damned fiends, to get his loue retyre :
For both through heauen & hell thou makest way,
To win them worship which to thee obay.

B iii

AN HYMNE

And if by all these perils and these paynes,
 He may but purchase lyking in her eye,
 What heauens of ioy, then to himselfe he faynes,
 Eftsoones he wypes quite out of memory,
 What euer ill before he did aby,
 Had it bene death, yet would he die againe,
 To liue thus happie as her grace to gaine.

Yet when he hath found fauour to his will,
 He nathemore can so contented rest,
 But forceth further on, and striueth still
 T'approch more neare, till in her inmost brest,
 He may embosomd bee, and loued best;
 And yet not best, but to be lou'd alone,
 For loue can not endure a Paragone.

The feare whereof, ô how doth it torment
 His troubled mynd with more then hellish paine!
 And to his fayning fansie represent
 Sights neuer seene, and thousand shadowes vaine,
 To breake his sleepe, and waste his ydle braine;
 Thou that hast neuer lou'd canst not beleue,
 Least part of th'cuils which poore louers greeue.

The gnawing enuie, the hart-fretting feare,
 The vaine surmizes, the distrustfull shewes,
 The false reports that flying tales doe beare,
 The doubts, the daungers, the delayes, the woes,
 The fayned friends, the vnassured foes,
 With thousands more then any tongue can tell,
 Doe make a louers life a wretches hell.

Yet

OF LOVE.

II

Yet is there one more cursed then they all,
That cancker worme, that monster Gelosie,
Which eates the hart, and feedes vpon the gall,
Turning all loues delight to miserie,
Through feare of loosing his felicitie.

Ah Gods, that euer ye that monster placed
In gentle loue, that all his ioyes defaced.

By these, ô Loue, thou doest thy entrance make,
Vnto thy heauen, and doest the more endeere,
Thy pleasures vnto those which them partake,
As after storines when clouds begin to cleare,
The Sunne more bright & glorious doth appeare;
So thou thy folke, through paines of Purgatorie,
Dost beare vnto thy blisse, and heauens glorie.

There thou them placest in a Paradize
Of all delight, and ioyous happie rest,
Where they doe feede on Nectar heauenly wize,
With *Hercules* and *Hebe*, and the rest
Of *Venus* dearlings, through her bountie blest,
And lie like Gods in yuorie beds arayd,
With rose and lillies ouer them displayd.

There with thy daughter *Pleasure* they doe play
Their hurtlesse sports, without rebuke or blame,
And in her snowy bosome boldly lay
Their quiet heads, deuoyd of guilty shame,
After full ioyance of their gentle game, (Queene,
Then her they crowne their Goddessesse and their
And decke with floures thy altars well besene.

Ay me, deare Lord, that euer I might hope,
For all the paines and woes that I endure,
To come at length vnto the wished scope
Of my desire, or might my selfe assure,
That happie port for euer to recure.
Then would I thinke these paines no paines at all,
And all my woes to be but penance small.

Then would I sing of thine immortall praise
An heauenly Hymne, such as the Angels sing,
And thy triumphant name then would I raise
Boue all the gods, thee onely honoring,
My guide, my God, my victor, and my king;
Till then, dread Lord, vouchsafe to take of me
This simple song, thus fram'd in praise of thee.

FINIS.

AN



AN HYMNE. IN HONOVR OF BEAVTIE.

AH whither, Loue, wil thou now carrie mee?
What wontlesse fury dost thou now inspire
Into my feeble breast, too full of thee?
Whylest seeking to aslake thy raging fyre,
Thou in me kindlest much more great desyre,
And vp aloft aboue my strength doest rayse
The wondrous matter of my fyre to prayse.

That as I earst in praise of thine owne name,
So now in honour of thy Mother deare,
An honourable Hymne I eke shoulde frame,
And with the brightnesse of her beautie cleare,
The rauisht harts of gazefull men might reare,
To admiration of that heauenly light,
From whence proceeds such foule enchaunting
(might.

Therto do thou great Goddesse, queene of Beauty,
Mother of loue, and of all worlds delight,
Without whose souerayne grace and kindly dewty,
Nothing on earth seemes fayre to fleshly sight,
Doe thou vouchsafe with thy loue-kindling light,
Tilluminate my dim and dulled eyne,
And beautifie this sacred hymne of thyne.

A N H Y M N E

That both to thee, to whom I meane it most,
 And eke to her, whose faire immortall beame,
 Hath darted fyre into my feeble ghost,
 That now it wasted is with woes extreame,
 It may so please that she at length will stremme
 Some deaw of grace, into my withered hart,
 After long sorrow and consuming smart.

(did cast

WHAT time this worlds great workmaister
 To make al things, such as we now behold
 It seemes that he before his eyes had plast
 A goodly Paterne to whose perfect mould,
 He fashond them as comely as he could,
 That now so faire and seemely they appeare,
 As nought may be amended any wheare.

That wondrous Paterne wherefoere it bee,
 Whether in earth layd vp in secret store,
 Or else in heauen, that no man may it see
 With sinfull eyes, for feare it to deflore,
 Is perfect Beautie which all men adore,
 Whose face and feature doth so much excell
 All mortall sence, that none the same may tell.

Thereof as every earthly thing partakes,
 Or more or lesse by influence diuine,
 So it more faire accordingly it makes,
 And the grosse matter of this earthly myne,
 Which clotheth it, thereafter doth refyne,
 Doing away the drosse which dims the light
 Of that faire beame, which therein is empight.

For

For through infusion of celestiall powre,
The duller earth it quickneth with delight,
And life-full spirits priuily doth powre
Through all the parts, that to the lookers sight
They seeme to please. That is thy soueraine might,
O *Cyprian* Queene, which flowing from the beame
Of thy bright starre, thou into them doest streme.

That is the thing which giueth pleasant grace
To all things faire, that kindleth liuely fyre,
Light of thy lampe, which shyning in the face,
Thence to the soule darts amorous desyre,
And robs the harts of those which it admyre,
Therewith thou pointest thy Sons poysned arrow,
That wounds the life, & wastes the inmost marrow.

How vainely then doe ydle wits inuent,
That beautie is nougnt else, but mixture made
Of colours faire, and goodly temp'rament
Of pure complexions, that shall quickly fade
And passe away, like to a sommers shade,
Or that it is but comely composition
Of parts well measurd, with meet disposition.

Hath white and red in it such wondrous powre,
That it can pierce through th'eyes vnto the hart,
And therein stirre such rage and restlesse stowre,
As nougnt but death can stint his dolours smart?
Or can proportion of the outward part,
Move such affection in the inward mynd,
That it can rob both sense and reason blynd?

A N H Y M N E

Why doe not then the blossomes of the field,
 Which are arayd with much more orient hew,
 And to the sense most daintie odours yield,
 Worke like impression in the lookers vew?
 Or why doe not faire pictures like powre shew,
 In which oftentimes, we Nature see of Art
 Exceld, in perfect limming cuery part.

But ah, belceue me, there is more then so
 That workes such wonders in the minds of men.
 I that haue often prou'd, too well it know;
 And who so list the like assayes to ken,
 Shall find by tryall, and confesse it then,
 That Beautie is not, as fond men misdeeme,
 An outward shew of things, that onely seeme.

For that same goodly hew of white and red,
 With which the cheekes are sprinckled, shal decay,
 And those sweete rosy leaues so fairely spred
 Vpon the lips, shall fade and fall away
 To that they were, euен to corrupted clay.
 That golden wyre, those sparckling stars so bright
 Shall turne to dust, and loose their goodly light.

But that faire lampe, from whose celestiall ray
 That light proceedes, which kindleth louers fire,
 Shall neuer be extinguisht nor decay,
 But when the vitall spirits doe expyre,
 Vnto her native planet shall retyre,
 For it is heauenly borne and can not die,
 Being a parcell of the purest skie.

For

For when the soule, the which deriuued was
At first, out of that great immortall Spright,
By whom all liue to loue, whilome did pas
Downe from the top of purest heauens hight,
To be embodied here, it then tooke light
And liuely spirits from that fayrest starre,
Which lights the world forth from his firie carre.

Which powre retayning still or more or lesse,
When she in fleshly seede is eft enraced,
Through euery part she doth the same impresse,
According as the heauens haue her graced,
And frames her house, in which she will be placed,
Fit for her selfe, adorning it with spoyle
Of th'heauenly riches, which she robd crewhyle.

Therof it comes, that these faire soules, which haue
The most resemblance of that heauenly light,
Frame to themselues most beautifull and braue
Their fleshly bowre, most fit for their delight,
And the grosse matter by a soueraine might
Tempers so trim, that it may well be seene,
A pallace fit for such a virgin Queene.

So euery spirit, as it is most pure,
And hath in it the more of heauenly light,
So it the fairer bodie doth procure
To habit in, and it more fairely dight
With chearefull grace and amiable sight.
For of the soule the bodie forme doth take:
For soule is forme, and doth the bodie make.

AN HYMNE

Therefore where euer that thou doest behold
 A comely corpse, with beautie faire endewed,
 Know this for certaine, that the same doth hold
 A beauteous soule, with faire conditions thewed,
 Fit to receiue the seede of vertue strewed.
 For all that faire is, is by nature good;
 That is a signe to know the gentle blood.

Yet oft it falles, that many a gentle mynd
 Dwels in deformed tabernacle drownd,
 Either by chaunce, against the course of kynd,
 Or through vnaptnesse in the substance fownd,
 Which it assumed of some stubborne grownd,
 That will not yield vnto her formes direction,
 But is perform'd with some foule imperfection.

And oft it falles (ay me the more to rew)
 That goodly beautie, albe heauenly borne,
 Is foule abusd, and that celestiall hew,
 Which doth the world with her delight adorne,
 Made but the bait of sinne, and sinners scorne;
 Whilest euery one doth seeke and sew to haue it,
 But euery one doth seeke, but to deprauet it.

Yet natemore is that faire beauties blame,
 But theirs that do abuse it vnto ill:
 Nothing so good, but that through guilty shame
 May be corrupt, and wrested vnto will.
 Nathelesse the soule is faire and beauteous still,
 How euer fleshes fault it filthy make:
 For things immortall no corruption take.

But

But ye faire Dames, the worlds deare ornaments,
And liuely images of heauens light,
Let not your beames with such disparagements
Be dimd, and your bright glorie darkned quight,
But mindfull still of your first countries sight,
Doe still preserue your first informed grace,
Whose shadow yet shynes in your beauteous face.

Loath that foule blot, that hellish fierbrand,
Disloiall lust, faire beauties foulest blame,
That base affectiōs, which your eares would bland,
Commend to you by loues abused name;
But is indecde the bondslaue of defame,
Which will the garland of your glorie marre,
And quēch the light of your bright shyning starre.

But gentle Loue, that loiall is and trew,
Will more illumine your resplendent ray,
And adde more brightnesse to your goodly hew,
From light of his pure fire, which by like way
Kindled of yours, your likenesse doth display,
Like as two mirrours by opposd reflexion,
Doe both expresse the faces first impression.

Therefore to make your beautie more appeare,
It you behoues to loue, and forth to lay
That heauenly riches, which in you ye beare,
That men the more admyre their fountaine may,
For else what bootteth that celestiall ray,
If it in darknesse be enshrined euer,
That it of louing eyes be viewed neuer?

AN HYMNE

But in your choice of Loues, this well aduize,
 That likest to your selues ye them select,
 The which your forms first sourse may sympathize,
 And with like beauties parts be inly deckt:
 For if you loosely loue without respect,
 It is no loue, but a discordant warre,
 Whose vnlike parts amongst themselues do iarre.

For Loue is a celestiall harmonie,
 Of likely harts composd of starres concenit,
 Which ioyne together in sweete sympathie,
 To worke ech others ioy and true content,
 Which they haue harbourd since their first descēt
 Out of their heauenly bowres, where they did see
 And know ech other here belou'd to bee.

Then wrong it were that any other twaine
 Should in loues gentle band combyned bee,
 But those whom heauen did at first ordaine,
 And made out of one mould the more t'agree:
 For all that like the beautie which they see,
 Streight do not loue: for loue is not so light,
 As streight to burne at first beholders sight.

But they which loue indeede, looke otherwise,
 With pure regard and spotlesse true intent,
 Drawing out of the obiect of their eyes,
 A more refyned forme, which they present
 Vnto their mind, voide of all blemishment;
 Which it reducing to her first perfection,
 Beholdeth free from fleshes frayle infection.

And

O F B E A V T I E.

21

And then conforming it vnto the light,
Which in it selfe it hath remaining still
Of that first Sunne, yet sparckling in his sight,
Thereof he fashions in his higher skill,
An heauenly beautie to his fancies will,
And it embracing in his mind entyre,
The mirrour of his owne thought doth admyre.

Which seeing now so inly faire to be,
As outward it appeareth to the eye,
And with his spirits proportion to agree,
He thereon fixeth all his fantasie,
And fully setteth his felicitie,
Counting it fairer, then it is indeede,
And yet indeede her fairenesse doth exceede.

For louers eyes more sharply sighted bee
Then other mens, and in deare loues delight
See more then any other eyes can see,
Through mutuall receipt of beames bright,
Which carrie priuie message to the spright,
And to their eyes that inmost faire display,
As plaine as light discouers dawning day.

Therein they see through amorous eye-glaunces,
Armies of loues still flying too and fro,
Which dart at them their litle fierie launces,
Whom hauing wounded, backe againe they go,
Carrying compassion to their louely foe ;
Who seeing her faire eyes so sharpe effect,
Cures all their sorrowes with one sweete aspect.

D

A N H Y M N E

In which how many wonders doe they reede
 To their conceipt, that others neuer see, (feede,
 Now of her smiles , with which their soules they
 Like Gods with Nectar in their bankets free,
 Now of her lookes, which like to Cordials bee;
 But when her words embassade forth the sendes,
 Lord how sweete musicke that vnto them lends.

Sometimes vpon her forehead they behold
 A thousand Graces masking in de!ight,
 Sometimes within her eye-lids they vnfold
 Ten thousand sweet belgards, which to their sight
 Doe seeme like twinckling starres in frostie night :
 But on her lips like rosy buds in May,
 So many millions of chaste pleasures play.

All those, ô Cytherea, and thousands more
 Thy handmaides be, which do on thee attend
 To decke thy beautie with their dainties store,
 That may it more to mortall eyes commend,
 And make it more admyr'd of foe and frend ;
 That in mens harts thou mayst thy throne enstall,
 And spred thy louely kingdome ouer all.

Then to tryumph , ô great beauties Queene,
 Aduance the banner of thy conquest hie,
 That all this world, the which thy vassals beeene,
 May draw to thee, and with dew fealtie,
 Adore the powre of thy great Maiestie,
 Singing this Hymne in honour of thy name,
 Compyld by me, which thy poore liegeman am.

In

OF BEAUTIE.

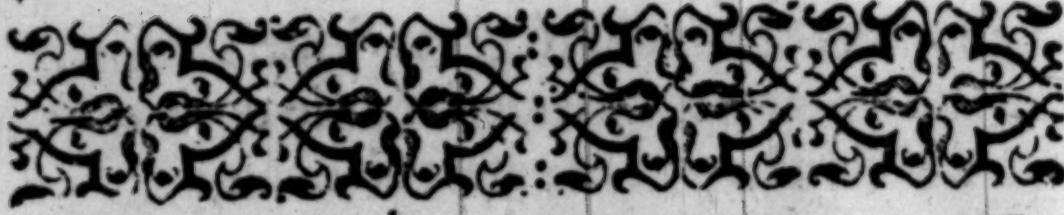
23

In lieu whereof graunt, ô great Soueraine,
That she whose conquering beautie doth captiue
My trembling hart in her eternall chaine,
One drop of grace at length will to me giue,
That I her bounden thrall by her may liue,
And this same life, which first fro me she reaued,
May owe to her, of whom I it receaued.

And you faire *Venus* dearling, my deare dread,
Fresh flowre of grace, great Goddesse of my lise,
Whē your faire eyes these fearefull lines shal read,
Deigne to let fall one drop of dew reliefe,
That may recure my harts long pyning griefe,
And shew what wōdrous powre your beauty hath,
That can restore a damned wight from death.

FINIS.

D ij



AN HYMNE OF HEAVENLY LOVE.

Loue, lift me vp vpon thy golden wings,
From this base world vnto thy heauens hight,
Where I may see those admirable things,
Which there thou workest by thy soueraine might,
Farre aboue feeble reach of earthly sight,
That I thereof an heauenly Hymne may sing
Vnto the god of Loue, high heauens king.

Many lewd layes (ah woe is me the more)
In praiise of that mad fit, which fooles call loue,
I haue in th'heat of youth made heretofore,
That in light wits did loose affection moue.
But all those follies now I do reprove,
And turned haue the tenor of my string,
The heauenly prayses of true loue to sing.

And ye that wont with greedy vaine desire
To reade my fault, and wondring at my flame,
To warme your selues at my wide sparckling fire,
Sith now that heat is quenched, quench my blame,
And in her ashes shrowd my dying shame :
For who my passed follies now purgewes,
Beginnes his owne, and my old fault renewes.

Before:

BEfore this worlds great frame, in which al things
Are now containd, found any being place,
Ere flitting Time could wag his eyas wings
About that mightie bound, which doth embrace
The rolling Spheres, & parts their houres by space,
That high eternall powre, which now doth moue
In all these things, mou'd in it selfe by loue.

It lou'd it selfe, because it selfe was faire ;
(For faire is lou'd;) and of it selfe begot
Like to it selfe his eldest sonne and heire,
Eternall, pure, and voide of sinfull blot,
The firstling of his joy, in whoin no iot
Of loues dislike, or pride was to be found,
Whom he therefore with equall honour crownd.

With him he raignd, before all time prescribed,
In endlesse glorie and immortall might,
Together with that third from them deriued,
Most wise, most holy, most almighty Spright,
Whose kingdomes throne no thought of earthly
Can cōprehēd, much lesse my trēbling verse(wight
With equall words can hope it to reherse.

Yet ô most blessed Spirit, pure lampe of light,
Eternall spring of grace and wisedome trew,
Vouchsafe to shed into my barren spright,
Some little drop of thy celestiall dew,
That may my rymes with sweet infuse embrew,
And giue me words equall vnto my thought,
To tell the maruiles by thy mercie wrought.

A N H Y M N E O F

Yet being pregnant still with powrefull grace,
 And full of fruitfull loue, that loues to get
 Things like himselfe, and to enlarge his race,
 His second brood though not in powre so great,
 Yet full of beautie, next he did beget
 An infinite increase of Angels bright,
 All glistring glorious in their Makers light.

To them the heauens illimitable hight,
 Not this round heauē, which we frō hence behold,
 Adornd with thousand lamps of burning light,
 And with ten thoufand gemmes of shyning gold,
 He gaue as their inheritance to hold,
 That they might serue him in eternall blis,
 And be partakers of those ioyes of his.

There they in their trinall triplicities
 About him wait, and on his will depend,
 Either with nimble wings to cut the skies,
 When he them on his messages doth send,
 Or on his owne dread presence to attend,
 Where they behold the glorie of his light,
 And caroll Hymnes of loue both day and night.

Both day and night is vnto them all one,
 For he his beames doth still to them extend,
 That darknesse there appeareth neuer none,
 Ne hath their day, ne hath their blisse an end,
 But there their termelesse time in pleasure spend,
 Ne cuer should their happinesse decay,
 Had not they dar'd their Lord to disobay.

But

HEAVENLY LOVE.

27

But pride impatient of long resting peace,
Did puffe them vp with greedy bold ambition,
That they gan cast their state how to increase,
Aboue the fortune of their first condition,
And sit in Gods owne seat without commission :
The brightest Angell, cuen the Child of light
Drew millions more against their God to fight.

Th' Almighty seeing their so bold assay,
Kindled the flame of his consuming yre,
And with his onely breath them blew away
From heauens hight, to which they did a spyre,
To deepest hell, and lake of damned fyre ;
Where they in darknesse and dread horror dwell,
Hating the happie light from which they fell.

So that next off-spring of the Makers loue,
Next to himselfe in glorious degrec,
Degendering to hate fell from aboue
Through pride ; (for pride and loue may ill agree)
And now of sinne to all ensample bee :
How then can sinfull flesh it selfe assure,
Sith purest Angels fell to be impure ?

But that eternall fount of loue and grace,
Still flowing forth his goodnesse vnto all,
Now seeing left a waste and emptie place
In his wyde Pallace, through those Angels fall,
Cast to supply the same, and to enstall
A new vnownew Colony thererin, (begin.
Whose root from earths base groundworke shold

A N H Y M N E

Therefore of clay, base, vile, and next to nought,
 Yet form'd by wondrous skill, and by his might:
 According to an heauenly patternewrought,
 Which he had fashionsd in his wise foresight,
 He man did make, and breathd a liuing spright
 Into his face most beautifull and fayre,
 Endewd with wisedomes riches, heauenly, rare.

Such he him made, that he resemble might
 Himselfe, as mortall thing immortall could;
 Him to be Lord of euery liuing wight,
 He made by loue out of his owne like mould,
 In whom he might his mightie selfe behould:
 For loue doth loue the thing belou'd to see,
 That like it selfe in louely shape may bee.

But man forgetfull of his makers grace,
 No lesse then Angels, whom he did ensew,
 Fell from the hope of promist heauenly place,
 Into the mouth of death to sinners dew,
 And all his off-spring into thralldome threw:
 Where they for euer should in bonds remaine,
 Of neuer dead, yet cuer dying paine.

Till that great Lord of Loue, which him at first
 Made of meere loue, and after liked well,
 Seeing him lie like creature long accurst,
 In that deepe horror of despeyred hell,
 Him wretch in doole would let no lenger dwell,
 But cast out of that bondage to redēcine,
 And pay the price, all were his debt extreeme.

Out

HEAVENLY LOVE.

29

Out of the bosome of eternall blisse,
In which he reigned with his glorious syre,
He downe descended, like a most demisse
And abie~~t~~ thrall, in fleshes fraile attyre,
That he for him might pay sinnes deadly hyre,
And hi~~m~~ restore vnto that happie state,
In which he stood before his haplesse fate.

In flesh at first the guilt committed was,
Therefore in flesh it must be satisfyde:
Nor spirit, nor Angell, though they man surpas,
Could make amends to God for mans misguyde,
But onely man himselfe, who selfe did slyde.
So taking flesh of sacred virgins wombe,
For mans deare sake he did a man become.

And that most blessed bodie, which was borne
Without all blemish or reprochfull blame,
He freely gaue to be both rent and torne
Of cruell hands, who with despightfull shame
Reuyling him, that them most vile became,
At length him nayled on a gallow tree,
And slew the iust, by most vniust decree.

O huge and most vnspeakeable impression
Of loues deepe wound, that pierst the piteous hart
Of that deare Lord with so entyre affection,
And sharply launching euery inner part,
Dolours of death into his soule did dart;
Doing him die, that neuer it deserued,
To free his foes, that from his heast had swerued.

E

AN HYMNE OF

What hart can feele least touch of so sore launch,
 Or thought can think the depth of so deare wound?
 Whose bleeding sourse their stremes yet neuer
 But stil do flow, & freshly still redound, (staunche,
 To heale the sores of sinfull soules vnsound,
 And clese the guilt of that infected cryme,
 Which was enrooted in all fleshly slyme..

O blessed well of loue, ô floure of grace,
 O glorious Morning starre, ô lampe of light,
 Most liuely image of thy fathers face,
 Eternall King of glorie, Lord of might,
 Meekc lambe of God before all worlds behight,
 How can we thee requite for all this good?
 Or what can prize that thy most precious blood?

Yet nought thou ask'st in lieu of all this loue,
 But loue of vs for guerdon of thy paine:
 Ay me; what can vs lesse then that behone?
 Had he required life of vs againe,
 Had it beene wrong to aske his owne with gaine?
 He gaue vs life, he it restored lost;
 Then life were least, that vs so little cost.

But he our life hath left vnto vs free,
 Free that was thrall, and blessed that was band;
 Ne ought demaunds, but that we louing bee,
 As he himselfe hath lou'd vs afore hand,
 And bound thereto with an eternall band,
 Him first to loue, that vs so dearely bought,
 And next, our brethren to his image wrought.

Him

HEAVENLY LOVE.

31

Him first to loue, great right and reason is,
Who first to vs our life and being gaue;
And after when we fared had amisse,
Vs wretches from the second death did saue;
And last the food of life, which now we haue,
Euen himselfe in his deare sacrament,
To feede our hungry soules vnto vs lent.

Then next to loue our brethren, that were made
Of that selfe mould, and that selfe makers hand,
That we, and to the same againe shall fade,
Where they shall haue like heritage of land,
How euer here on higher steps we stand;
Which also were with selfe same price redeemed
That we, how cuer of vs light esteemed.

And were they not, yet since that louing Lord
Commaunded vs to loue them for his sake,
Euen for his sake, and for his sacred word,
Which in his last bequest he to vs spake,
We shoulde them loue, & with their needs partake;
Knowing that whatsoere to them we giue,
We giue to him, by whom we all doe liue.

Such mercy he by his most holy reede
Vnto vs taught, and to approue it trew,
Ensamped it by his most righteous deede,
Shewing vs mercie miserable crew,
That we the like should to the wretches shew,
And loue our brethren; thereby to approue,
How much himselfe that loued vs, we loue.

E ij

AN HYMNE OF

Then rouze thy selfe, ô earth, out of thy soyle,
 In which thou wallowest like to filthy swyne,
 And doest thy mynd in durty pleasures moyle,
 Vnmindfull of that dearest Lord of thyne;
 Lift vp to him thy heauie clouded eyne,
 That thou his soueraine bountie mayst behold,
 And read through loue his mercies manifold.

Beginne from first, where he encradled was
 In simple cratch, wrapt in a wad of hay,
 Betweene the toylefull Oxe and humble Asse,
 And in what rags, and in how base aray,
 The glory of our heauenly riches lay,
 When him the silly Shepheards came to see,
 Whom greatest Princes sought on lowest knee.

From thence reade on the storie of his life,
 His humble carriage, his vnfaulty wayes,
 His cancred foes, his fights, his toyle, his strife,
 His paines, his pouertie, his sharpe assayes,
 Through which he past his miserable dayes,
 Offending none, and doing good to all,
 Yet being malist both of great and small.

And looke at last how of most wretched wights,
 He taken was, betrayd, and false accused,
 How with most scornefull taunts, & fell despights
 He was reuyld, disgrast, and foule abused, (brusfed;
 How scourgd, how crownd, how buffeted, how
 And lastly how twixt robbers crucifyde, (& syde.
 With bitter wounds through hands, through feet
 Then

Then let thy flinty hart that feeles no paine,
Empierced be with pittifull remorse,
And let thy bowels bleede in euery vaine,
At sight of his most sacred heauenly corse,
So torne and mangled with malicious forse,
And let thy soule, whose sins his sorrows wrought,
Melt into teares, and grone in grieued thought.

With fense whereof whilst so thy softened spirit
Is inly toucht, and humbled with meeke zeale,
Through meditation of his endlesse merit,
Lift vp thy mind to th'author of thy weale,
And to his soueraine mercie doe appeale;
Learne him to loue, that loned there so deare,
And in thy brest his blessed image beare.

With all thy hart, with all thy soule and mind,
Thou must him loue, and his behests embrace,
All other loues, with which the world doth blind
Weake fancies, and stirre vp affections base,
Thou must renounce, and vtterly displace,
And giue thy selfe vnto him full and free,
That full and freely gaue himselfe to thee.

Then shalt thou feele thy spirit so possest,
And rauisht with denouiring great desire
Of his deare selfe, that shall thy feeble brest
Inflame with loue, and set thee all on fire
With burning zeale, through euery part entire,
That in no earthly thing thou shalt delight,
But in his sweet and amiable sight.

A N H Y M N E O F

Thenceforth all worlds desire will in thee dye,
And all earthes glorie on which men do gaze,
Seeme durt and drosse in thy pure sighted eyc,
Compar'd to that celestiall beauties blaze,
Whose glorious beames all fleshnly sense doth daze
With admiration of their passing light,
Blinding the eyes and lumining the spright.

Then shall thy rauisht soule inspired bee
With heauely thoughts, farre aboue humane skil,
And thy bright radiant eyes shall plainly see
Th'Idee of his pure glorie present still,
Before thy face, that all thy spirits shall fill
With sweete enragement of celestiall loue,
Kindled through sight of those faire things aboue.

P I N Y S.**A N**



AN HYMNE OF HEAVENLY BEAUTIE.

Rapt with the rage of mine own rauisht thought,
Through cōtemplation of those goodly sights,
And glorious images in heauen wrought,
Whose wōdrous beauty breathing sweet delights,
Do kindle loue in high conceipted sprights :
I faine to tell the things that I behold,
But feele my wits to faile, and tongue to fold.

Vouchsafe then, ô thou most almighty Spright,
From whom all guifts of wit and knowledge flow,
To shed into my breast some sparkling light
Of thine eternall Truth, that I may shew
Some litle beames to mortall eyes below,
Of that immortall beautie, there with thee,
Which in my weake distraughted mynd I see.

That with the glorie of so goodly sight,
The hearts of men, which fondly here admyre
Faire seeming shewes, and feed on vaine delight,
Transported with celestiall desyre
Of those faire formes, may lift themselues vp hye.,
And learne to loue with zealous humble dewty
Th'eternall fountaine of that heauenly beauty.

Beginning then below, with th' easie vew
Of this base world, subiect ro fleshly eye,
From thence to mount aloft by order dew,
To contemplation of th' immortall sky,
Of the soare faulcon so Ilearne to fly,
That flags awhile her fluttering wings beneath,
Till she her selfe for stronger flight can breath.

Then looke who list, thy gazefull eyes to feed
With sight of that is faire, looke on the frame
Of this wyde *vniverse*, and therein reed
The endlesse kinds of creatures, which by name
Thou cāst not couēt, much lesse their natures aime:
All which are made with wondrous wise respect,
And all with admirable beautie deckt.

First th' Earth, on adamantine pillers founded,
Amid the Sea engirt with brasen bands;
Then th' Aire still flitting, but yet firmly bounded
On euerie side, with pyles of flaming brands,
Neuer consum'd nor quencht with mortall hands;
And last, that mightie shining christall wall,
Wherewith he hath encompassed this All.

By view whereof, it plainly may appeare,
That still as euery thing doth vpward tend,
And further is from earth, so still more cleare
And faire it growes, till to his perfect end
Of purest beautie, it at last ascend:
Ayre more then water, fire much more then ayre,
And heauen then fire appeares more pure & fayre.

Looke

112

HEAVENLY BEAUTIE. 37

Looke thou no further, but affixe thine eye,
On that bright shynie round still mouing Masse,
The house of blessed Gods, which men call *Skye*,
All sowd with glistring stars more thicke then grassè,
Whereof each other doth in brightnessse passe;
But those two most, which ruling night and day,
As King and Queene, the heauens Empire sway.

And tell me then, what hast thou euer seene,
That to their beautie may compared bee,
Or can the sight that is most sharpe and keene,
Endure their Captains flaming head to see?
How much lesse those, much higher in degree,
And so much fairer, and much more then these,
As these are fairer then the land and seas?

For farre aboue these heauens which here we see,
Be others farre exceeding these in light,
Not bounded, not corrupt, as these same bee,
But infinite in largenesse and in hight,
Vnmouing, vncorrupt, and spotlesse bright,
That need no Sunne t'illuminate their spheres,
But their owne natvie light farre passing theirs.

And as these heauens still by degrees arize,
Vntill they come to their first Mouers bound,
That in his mightie compasse doth comprise,
And carrie all the rest with him around,
So those likewise doe by degrees redound,
And rise more faire, till they at last ariue
To the most faire, whereto they all do striue.

AN HYMNE OF

Faire is the heauen, where happy soules haue place,
 In full enioyment of felicitie,
 Whence they doe still behold, the glorious face
 Of the diuine eternall Maiestie;
 More faire is that, where those *Idees* on hie
 Enraunged be, which *Plato* so admyred,
 And pure *Intelligences* from God inspyred.

Yet fairer is that heauen, in which doe raine
 The soueraine *Powres* and mighty *Potentates*,
 Which in their high protections doe containe
 All mortall Princes, and imperiall States;
 And fayrer yet, whereas the royall Seates
 And heauenly *Dominations* are set,
 From whom all earthly gouernance is fet.

Yet farre more faire be those bright *Cherubins*,
 Which all with golden wings are ouerdight,
 And those eternall burning *Seraphins*,
 Which from their faces dart out fierie light;
 Yet fairer then they both, and much more bright
 Be th' Angels and Archangels, which attend
 On Gods owne person, without rest or end.

These thus in faire each other farre excelling,
 As to the Highest they approch more neare,
 Yet is that Highest farre beyond all telling,
 Fairer then all the rest which there appeare,
 Though all their beauties ioynd together were:
 How then can mortall tongue hope to expresse,
 The image of such endlesse perfectnesse?

Cease

HEAVENLY BEAUTIE. 39

Cease then my tongue, and lend vnto my mynd
Leaue to bethinke how great that beautie is,
Vwhose vtmost parts so beautifull I fynd,
How much more those essentiall parts of his,
His truth, his loue, his wisedome, and his blis,
His grace, his doome, his mercy and his might,
By which he lends vs of himselfe a sight.

Those vnto all he daily doth display,
And shew himselfe in th' image of his grace,
As in a looking glasse ,through which he may
Be seene, of all his creatures vile and base,
That are vnable else to see his face,
His glorious face which glistereth else so bright,
That th' Angels selues can not endure his sight.

But we fraile wights, whose sight cannot sustaine
The Suns bright beames, whē he on vs doth shyne,
But that their points reburted backe againe
Are duld, how can we see with feeble cyne,
The glory of that Maiestie diuine,
In sight of whom both Sun and Moone are darke,
Compared to his least resplendent sparke?

The meanes therefore which vnto vs is lent,
Him to behold, is on his workes to looke,
Which he hath made in beauty excellent,
And in the same, as in a brasen booke,
To reade enregistred in euery nooke
His goodnesse, which his beautie doth declare,
For all that's good, is beautifull and faire.

A N H Y M N E O F

Thenee gathering plumes of perfect speculation,
 To impe the wings of thy high flying mynd,
 Mount vp aloft through heauenly contemplation,
 From this darke world , whose damps the soule do
 And like the natvie brood of Eagles kynd, (blynd,
 On that bright Sunne of glorie fixe thine eyes,
 Clear'd from grosse mists of fraile infirmities.

Humbled with feare and awfull reuerence,
 Before the footestoole of his Maiestie,
 Throw thy selfe downe with trembling innocence,
 Ne dare looke vp with corruptible eye,
 On the dred face of that great *Deity*,
 For feare, lest if he chaunce to looke on thee,
 Thou turne to nought, and quite confounded be.

But lowly fall before his mercie seate,
 Close couered with the Lambes integrity,
 From the iustwrath of his auengefull threate,
 That sits vpon the righteous throne on hy:
 His throne is built vpon Eternity,
 More firme and durable then steele or brasse,
 Or the hard diamond, which them both doth passe.

His scepter is the rod of Righteousnesse,
 With which he bruseth all his foes to dust,
 And the great Dragon strongly doth represse,
 Vnder the rigour of his iudgement iust;
 His seate is Truth, to which the faithfull trust;
 Frō whence proceed her beames so pure & bright,
 That all about him shieddeth glorious light.

Light

HEAVENLY BEAUTIE.

41

Light farre exceeding that bright blazing sparke,
Which darted is from *Titans* flaming head,
That with his beames enlumineth the darke
The dark & dampish aire, wherby al things are red:
Whose nature yet so much is maruelled
Of mortall wits, that it doth much amaze
The greatest wiſards, which thereon do gaze.

But that immortall light which there doth shine,
Is many thousand times more cleare,
More excellent, more glorious, more diuine,
Through which to God all mortall actions here,
And cuen the thoughts of men, do plaine appeare:
For from th'eternall Truth it doth proceed,
Through heauenly vertue, which her beames doe
(breed.)

With the great glorie of that wondrous light,
His throne is all encompassed around,
And hid in his owne brightness from the sight
Of all that looke thereon with eyes vnsound:
And vnderneath his feet are to be found,
Thunder, and lightning, and tempestuous fyre,
The instruments of his auenging yre.

There in his bosome *Sapience* doth ſit,
The foueraine dearling of the *Deity*,
Clad like a Queene in royll robes, moſt fit
For ſo great powre and peereleſſe maiesty.
And all with gemmes and iewels gorgeouſly
Adornd, that brighter then the ſtarres appeare,
And make her native brightnes ſeem more cleare.

F iii

AN HYMNE OF

And on her head a crowne of purest gold
 Is set, in signe of highest souerainty,
 And in her hand a scepter she doth hold,
 With which she rules the house of God on hy,
 And menageth the euer-inouing sky,
 And in the same these lower creatures all,
 Subiected to her powre imperiall.

Both heauen and earth obey vnto her will
 And all the creatures which they both containe:
 For of her fulnesse which the world doth fill,
 They all partake, and do in state remaine,
 As their great Maker did at first ordaine,
 Through obseruation of her high behest,
 By which they first were made, and still increast.

The fairenesse of her face no tongue can tell,
 For she the daughters of all wemens race,
 And Angels eke, in beautie doth excell,
 Sparkled on her from Gods owne glorious face,
 And more increast by her owne goodly grace,
 That it doth farre exceed all humane thought,
 Ne can on earth compared be to ought.

Ne could that Painter (had he liued yet)
 Which pictured *Venus* with so curious quill,
 That all posteritie admyled it,
 Haue purtrayd this, for all his maistring skill;
 Ne she her selfe, had she remained still,
 And were as faire, as fabling wits do fayne,
 Could once come neare this beauty souerayne.

But

HEAVENLY BEAUTIE. 43

But had those wits the wonders of their dayes,
Or that sweete *Telian* Poet which did spend
His plenteous vaine in setting forth her prayse,
Seene but a glims of this, which I pretend,
How wondrously would he her face commend,
Aboue that Idle of his fayning thought,
That all the world shold with his rimes be fraught?

How then dare I, the nouice of his Art,
Presume to picture so diuine a wight,
Or hope t'expresse her least perfections part,
Whose beautie filleth the heauens with her light,
And darkes the earth with shadow of her sight?
Ah gentle Muse thou art too weake and faint,
The pourtrait of so heauenly hew to paint.

Let Angels which her goodly face behold
And see at will, her soueraigne praises sing,
And those most sacred mysteries vnfold,
Of that faire loue of mighty heauens king.
Enough is me t'admyre so heauenly thing,
And being thus with her huge loue possest,
In th'only wonder of her selfe to rest.

But who so may, thrise happie man him hold,
Of all on earth, whom God so much doth grace,
And lets his owne Beloued to behold:
For in the view of her celestiall face,
All ioy, all blisse, all happiness haue place,
Ne ought on earth can want vnto the wight,
Who of her selfe can win the wishfull sight.

For she out of her secret treasury,
 Plentie of riches forth on him will powre,
 Euen heauenly riches, which there hidden ly
 Within the closet of her chasteſt bowre,
 Th'eternall portion of her precious dowre,
 Which mighty God hath giuen to her free,
 And to all thofe which thereof worthy bee.

None thereof worthy be, but thofe whom ſhee
 Vouchſafeth to her preſence to receaue,
 And letteth them her louely face to ſee,
 Wherof ſuch wondrouſ pleauers they conceaue,
 And ſweete contentment, that it doth bereaue
 Their ſoule of ſenſe, through infinite delight,
 And them tranſport from fleſh into the ſpright.

In which they ſee ſuch admirable things,
 As carries them into an extaſy,
 And heare ſuch heauenly notes, and carolings
 Of Gods high praife, that filles the braſen sky,
 And feele ſuch ioy and pleasure inwardly,
 That maketh them all worldly cares forget,
 And onely thinke on that before them ſet.

Ne from thenceforth doth any fleſhly ſenſe,
 Or idle thought of earthly things remaine,
 But all that earſt ſeemd ſweet, ſeemes now offence,
 And all that pleased earſt, now ſeemes to paine,
 Their ioy, their comfort, their deſire, their gaine,
 Is fixed all on that which now they ſee,
 All other ſights but fayned shadowes bee.

And

HEAVENLY BEAUTIE.

45

And that faire lampe, which vseth to enflame
The hearts of men with selfe consuming fyre,
Thenceforth seemes fowle, & full of sinfull blame;
And all that pompe, to which proud minds aspyre
By name of honor, and so much desyre,
Seemes to them basenesse, and all riches drossy,
And all mirth sadnessse, and all lucre losse.

So full their eyes are of that glorious sight,
And senses fraught with such satietie,
That in nougnt else on earth they can delight,
But in th'aspect of that felicitie,
Which they haue written in their inward ey;
On which they feed, and in their fastened mynd
All happie ioy and full contentment fynd.

Ah then my hungry soule, which long hast fed
On idle fancies of thy foolish thought,
And with false beauties flattring bait misled,
Hast after vaine deceiptfull shadowes sought,
Which all are fled, and now haue left thee nougnt,
But late repentance through thy follies prief,
Ah ccase to gaze no matter of thy grief.

And looke at last vp to that soueraine light,
From whose pure beams al perfect beauty springs,
That kindleth loue in euery godly spright,
Euen the loue of God, which loathing brings
Of this vile world, and these gay seeming things;
With whose sweete pleasures being so possest,
Thy straying thoughts henceforth for euer rest.

G

100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
128
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
158
159
160
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
196
197
198
199
200
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
223
224
225
226
227
228
229
230
231
232
233
234
235
236
237
238
239
240
241
242
243
244
245
246
247
248
249
250
251
252
253
254
255
256
257
258
259
260
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
270
271
272
273
274
275
276
277
278
279
280
281
282
283
284
285
286
287
288
289
290
291
292
293
294
295
296
297
298
299
300
301
302
303
304
305
306
307
308
309
310
311
312
313
314
315
316
317
318
319
320
321
322
323
324
325
326
327
328
329
330
331
332
333
334
335
336
337
338
339
340
341
342
343
344
345
346
347
348
349
350
351
352
353
354
355
356
357
358
359
360
361
362
363
364
365
366
367
368
369
370
371
372
373
374
375
376
377
378
379
380
381
382
383
384
385
386
387
388
389
390
391
392
393
394
395
396
397
398
399
400
401
402
403
404
405
406
407
408
409
410
411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418
419
420
421
422
423
424
425
426
427
428
429
430
431
432
433
434
435
436
437
438
439
440
441
442
443
444
445
446
447
448
449
450
451
452
453
454
455
456
457
458
459
460
461
462
463
464
465
466
467
468
469
470
471
472
473
474
475
476
477
478
479
480
481
482
483
484
485
486
487
488
489
490
491
492
493
494
495
496
497
498
499
500
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508
509
510
511
512
513
514
515
516
517
518
519
520
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528
529
530
531
532
533
534
535
536
537
538
539
540
541
542
543
544
545
546
547
548
549
550
551
552
553
554
555
556
557
558
559
559
560
561
562
563
564
565
566
567
568
569
569
570
571
572
573
574
575
576
577
578
579
579
580
581
582
583
584
585
586
587
588
589
589
590
591
592
593
594
595
596
597
598
599
599
600
601
602
603
604
605
606
607
608
609
609
610
611
612
613
614
615
616
617
618
619
619
620
621
622
623
624
625
626
627
628
629
629
630
631
632
633
634
635
636
637
638
639
639
640
641
642
643
644
645
646
647
648
649
649
650
651
652
653
654
655
656
657
658
659
659
660
661
662
663
664
665
666
667
668
669
669
670
671
672
673
674
675
676
677
678
679
679
680
681
682
683
684
685
686
687
688
689
689
690
691
692
693
694
695
696
697
698
699
699
700
701
702
703
704
705
706
707
708
709
709
710
711
712
713
714
715
716
717
718
719
719
720
721
722
723
724
725
726
727
728
729
729
730
731
732
733
734
735
736
737
738
739
739
740
741
742
743
744
745
746
747
748
749
749
750
751
752
753
754
755
756
757
758
759
759
760
761
762
763
764
765
766
767
768
769
769
770
771
772
773
774
775
776
777
778
779
779
780
781
782
783
784
785
786
787
788
789
789
790
791
792
793
794
795
796
797
798
799
799
800
801
802
803
804
805
806
807
808
809
809
810
811
812
813
814
815
816
817
818
819
819
820
821
822
823
824
825
826
827
828
829
829
830
831
832
833
834
835
836
837
838
839
839
840
841
842
843
844
845
846
847
848
849
849
850
851
852
853
854
855
856
857
858
859
859
860
861
862
863
864
865
866
867
868
869
869
870
871
872
873
874
875
876
877
878
879
879
880
881
882
883
884
885
886
887
888
889
889
890
891
892
893
894
895
896
897
898
899
899
900
901
902
903
904
905
906
907
908
909
909
910
911
912
913
914
915
916
917
918
919
919
920
921
922
923
924
925
926
927
928
929
929
930
931
932
933
934
935
936
937
938
939
939
940
941
942
943
944
945
946
947
948
949
949
950
951
952
953
954
955
956
957
958
959
959
960
961
962
963
964
965
966
967
968
969
969
970
971
972
973
974
975
976
977
978
979
979
980
981
982
983
984
985
986
987
988
989
989
990
991
992
993
994
995
996
997
998
999
999
1000

Daphnaida.

A N E L E G I E
V P O N T H E D E A T H
O F T H E N O B L E A N D
V E R T V O V S D O V G L A S

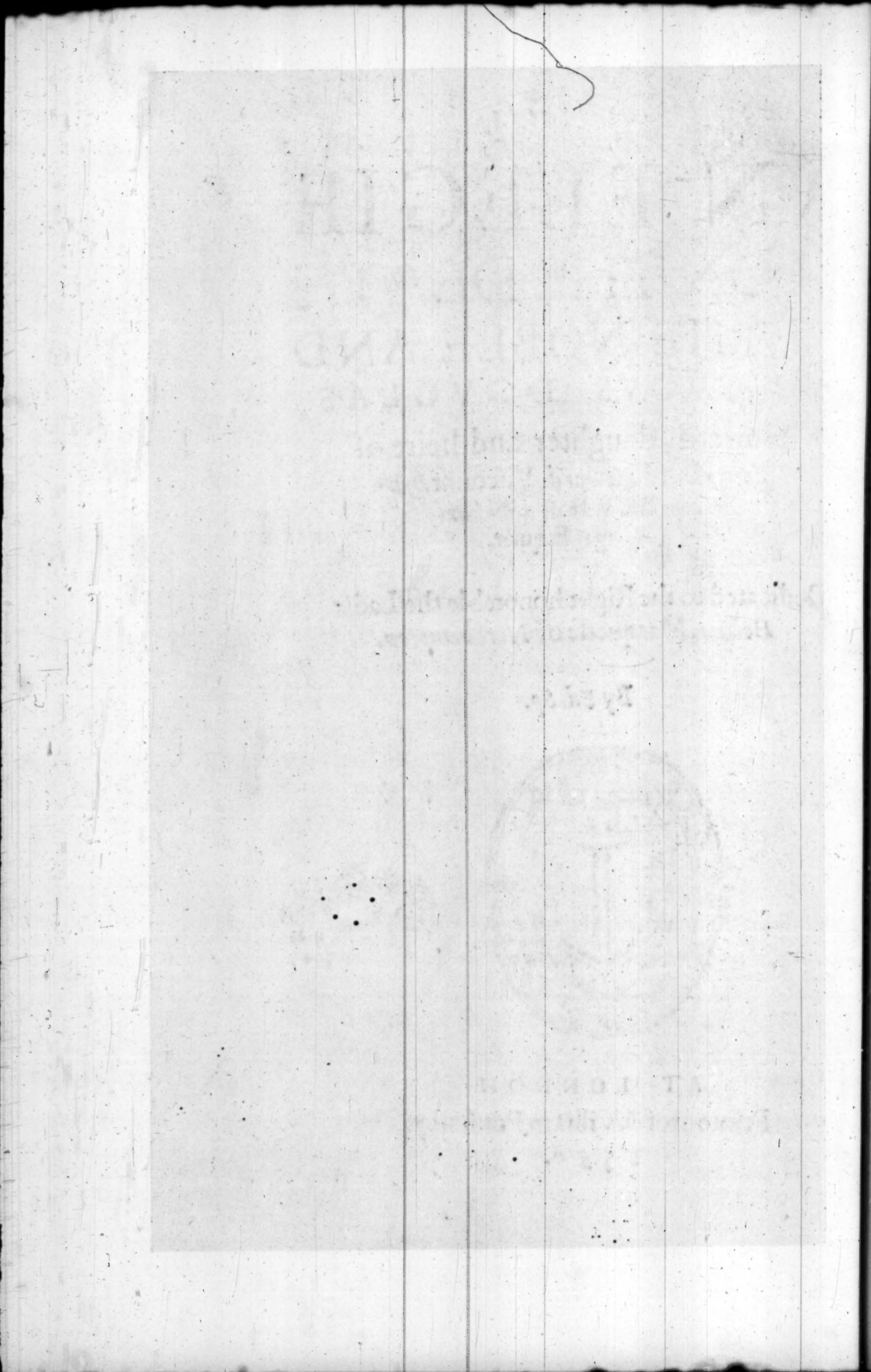
Howard, daughter and heire of
Henry Lord Howard, Viscount Byn-
don, and wife of Arthur
Gorges Esquier.

Dedicated to the Right honorable the Ladie
Helene, Marquessc of Northampton.

By Ed. Sp.



A T L O N D O N
Printed for William Ponsonby,
I 596.





TO THE RIGHT
HONORABLE AND VER-
tuous Lady *Helena Marquesse* of
North-hampton.

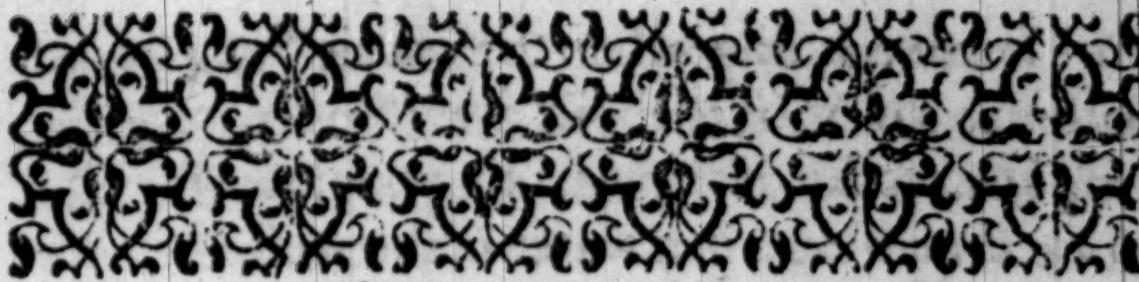
Hauet rather presumed hum-
bly to offer unto your Honour
the dedication of this little
Poëme, far that the noble and
virtuous Gentlewoman of whom
it is written, was by match neere
aled, and in affection greatly
devoted unto your Ladiship. The
occasion why I wrote the same, was aswell the great
good fame which I heard of her deceased, as the par-
ticular goodwill which I beare unto her husband Ma-
ster Arthur Gorges, a louer of learning and vertue,
whose house, as your Ladiship by mariage hath honou-
red, so doe I finde the name of them by many notable re-
cords, to be of great antiquitie in this Realme; and such
as have euer borne themselves with honoarable reputa-
tion to the world, & unspotted loyaltie to their Prince
and Countrey: besides so lineally are they descended
from the Howards, as that the Lady Anne Howard,
eldest daughter to John Duke of Norfolke, was wife

THE EPISTLE.

to Sir Edmund, mother to Sir Edward, and grand.
mother to Sir William and Sir Thomas Gorges
Knights. And therefore I doe assure my selfe, that
no due honour done to the white Lyon, but will be most
gratefull to your Ladiship, whose husband and chil-
dren do so nearely participate with the bloud of that
noble family. So in all dutie I recommende this Pam-
phlet, and the good acceptance thereof, to your ho-
nourable fauour and protection. London this first of
Januarie. 1591.

Your Honours humbly enter.

Ed. Sp.



DAPHNAIDA.

WHAT euer man he be, whose heauie mynd
With griefe of mournefull great mishap
opprest,
Fit matter for his cares increase would fynd:
Let reade the rufull plaint herein exprest,
Of one (I weene) the wofulst man aliue;
Euen sad *Alcyon*, whose empierced brest,
Sharpe sorrowe did in thousand pecces riue.

But who so else in pleasure findeth sense,
Or in this wretched life dooth take delight,
Let him be banisht farre away from hence:
Ne let the sacred Sisters here be hight,
Though they of sorrowe heauilie can sing;
For euern their heauie song would breede delight:
But here no tunes, saue sobs and grones shall ring,

In stead of them, and their sweete harmonic,
Let those three fatall Sisters, whose sad hands
Doe weave the direfull thredds of destinie,
And in their wrath breake off the vitall bands,
Approach hereto: and let the dreadfull Queene
Of darkenes deepe come from the Stygian strands;
And grisly Ghosts to heare this dolefull teene.

In gloomy evening, when the wearie Sun,
 After his dayes long labour drew to rest,
 And sweatie steedes now hauing ouer run
 The compast skie, gan water in the west,
 I walkt abroad to breath the freshing ayre
 In open fields, whose flowring pride opprest
 With early frosts, had lost their beautie faire.

There came vnto my mind a troublous thought,
 Which dayly doth my weaker wit possesse,
 Ne lets it rest, vntill it forth haue brought
 Her long borne Infant, fruit of heauiness,
 Which she conceiued hath through meditation
 Of this worlds vainnesse, and lifes wretchednesse,
 That yet my soule it deepeley doth empassion.

So as I muzed on the miserie
 In which men liue, and I of many most,
 Most miserable man; I did espie
 Wheretowards me a sory wight did cost,
 Clad all in black, that mourning did bewray:
 And *Iaakob* staffe in hand deuoutly crost,
 Like to some Pilgrim, come from farre away.

His carelesse lockes, vncombed and vnshorne,
 Hong long adowne, and beard all ouer growne,
 That well he seemd to be some wight forlorne;
 Downe to the earth his heauie eyes were throwne
 As loathing light: and euer as he went,
 He sighed soft, and inly deepe did grone,
 As if his heart in peeces would haue rent.

Approa-

Approaching nigh,his face I viewed here,
And by the semblant of his countenaunce,
Me seemd I had his person seene elsewhere,
Most like *Alcyon* seeming at a glaunce;
Alcyon he, the iollie Shepheard swaine,
That wont full merrilie to pipe and daunce,
And fill with pleasance euery wood and plaine.

Yet halfe in doubt, because of his disguize,
I softlie sayd, *Alcyon*? There withall
He lookt a fidd as in disdainefull wise,
Yet stayed not till I againe did call.
Then turning back, he faide with hollow sound,
Who is it, that dooth name me, wofull thrall,
The wretchedst man that treads this day on ground?

One, whom like wofulnesse impressed deepe,
Hath made fit mate thy wretched case to heare,
And giuen like cause with thee to waile and wepe:
Griefe finds some ease by him that like does beare,
Then stay *Alcyon*, gentle shepheard stay
(Quoth I) till thou haue to my trustie care
Committed, what thee dooth so ill apay.

Cease foolish man (saide he halfe wrothfully)
To seeke to heare that which cannot be told:
For the huge anguish, which dooth multiplic
My dying paines, no tongue can well vnfold:
Ne doo I care, that any should bemonie
My hard mishap or any weepe that would,
But seeke alone to weepe, and dye alone.

DAPHNAIDA.

Then be it so(quoth I) that thou art bent
 To die alone,vnpitied,vnplained,
 Yet ere thou die,it were conuenient
 To tell the cause,which thee thereto constrained:
 Least that the world thee dead accuse of guilt,
 And say,when thou of none shalt be maintained,
 That thou for secret crime thy blood hast spilt.

Who life dooes loath, and longs to be vnbouned
 From the strong shackles of fraile flesh (quoth he)
 Nought cares at all,what they that liue on ground
 Deeme the occasion of his death to bee:
 Rather desires to be forgotten quight,
 Than question made of his calamitic,
 For harts deep sorrow hates both life and light.

Yet since so much thou seemst to rue my griefe,
 And car'st for one that for himselfe cares nought;
 (Signe of thy loue,though nought for my reliefe:
 For my reliefe exceedeth liuing thought)
 I will to thee this heauie case relate,
 Then harken well till it to end be brought,
 For neuier didst thou heare more haplesse fate.

Whilome I vsde(as thou right well doest know)
 My little flocke on westerne downes to keepe.
 Not far from whence *Sabrinae* streame doth flow,
 And flowrie bancks with siluer liquor steepe:
 Nought carde I then for worldly change or chaunce,
 For all my ioy was on my gentle sheepe,
 And to my pypc to caroll and to daunce.

It.

It there befell, as I the fields did range
Fearelesse and free, a faire young Lionesse,
White as the native Rose before the chaunge,
Which *Ven*^m blood did in her leaues impressē.
I spied playing on the grassie plaine
Her youthfull sports and kindlie wantonnesse,
That did all other Beasts in beawtie staine.

Much was I moued at so goodly sight,
Whose like before, mine eye had seldome scene,
And gan to cast, how I her compasse might,
And bring to hand, that yet had never beene:
So well I wrought with mildnes and with paine,
That I her caught disporting on the greene,
And brought away fast bound with siluer chaine.

And afterwards I handled her so fayre,
That though by kind shee stout and saluage were,
For being borne an auncient Lions hayre,
And of the race, that all wild beastes do feare;
Yet I her fram'd and wanſo to my bent,
That shee became ſo meeke and milde of cheare,
As the leaſt lamb in all my flock that went.

For ſhee in field, where ever I did wend,
Would wend with me, and waite by me all day:
And all the night that I in watch did ſpend,
If cauſe requir'd, or els in ſleepe, if nay,
Shee would all night by me or watch or ſleepe;
And euermore when I did ſleepe or play,
Shee of my flock would take full waric keepe.

H ij

Safe then and safest were my fillie sheepe,
 Ne fear'd the Wolfe, ne fear'd the wildest beast:
 All were I drown'd in carelesse quiet deepe:
 My louely Lionesse without beaste
 So careful was for them, and for my good,
 That when I waked, neither most nor least
 I found miscaried or in plaine or wood.

Oft did the Shepheards, which my hap did heare,
 And oft their lasses which my luck enhyde,
 Daylie resort to me from farre and neare,
 To see my Lyonesse, whose praiers wyde
 Where spred abroad; and when her worthinesse
 Much greater than the rude report theytryde,
 They her did praise, and my good fortune blesse.

Long thus Ioyed in my happinesse,
 And well did hope my ioy would haue no end:
 But oh fond man, that in worldsicklenesse
 Reposedst hope, or weenedst her thy frend,
 That glories most in mortall miseries,
 And daylie doth her changefull counsels bend
 To make new matter fit for Tragedies.

For whilst I was thus without dread or dout,
 A cruell Satyre with his murdrous dart,
 Greddie of michefe, ranging all about,
 Gauie her the fatall wound of deadly smart:
 And rest from me my sweete companion,
 And rest from me my loue, my life, my hart:
 My Lyonesse (ah woe is me) is gon.

Out.

Out of the world thus was she reft away,
Out of the world, vnworthy such a spoyle;
And borne to heauen, for heauen a fitter pray:
Much fitter than the Lyon, which with toyle
Alcides slew, and fixt in firmament;
Her now I seeke throughout this earthly soyle,
And seeking misse, and missing doe lament.

Therewith he gan afresh to waile and weepc,
That I for pittie of his heauie plight,
Could not abstain mine eyes with teares to steepe:
But when I saw the anguish of his spright
Some deale alaid, I him bespake againe.
Certes *Alcyon*, painefull is thy plight,
That it in me breeds almost equall paine.

Yet doth not my dull wit well vnderstand
The riddle of thy loued Lionesse;
For rare it seemes in reason to be skand,
That man, who doth the whole worlds rule possesse
Should to a beast his noble hart embase,
And be the vassall of his vassalesse:
Therefore more plaine aread this doubtfull case.

Then sighing sore, *Daphne* thou knewest (quoth he)
She now is dead; ne more endur'd to say:
But fell to ground for great extremitie,
That I beholding it, with deepe dismay
Was much appald, and lightly him vpcaring,
Reuoked life, that would haue fled away,
All were my selfe through grief in deadly dreading.

DAPHNAIDA

Then gan I him to comfort all my best,
 And with milde counsaile stroue to mitigate
 The stormie passion of his troubled brest,
 But he thereby was more empasionate:
 As stubborne steed, that is with curb restrained,
 Becomes more fierce and feruent in his gate,
 And breaking foorth at last, thus dearnely plained.

I What man henceforth that breatheth vitall aire,
 Will honour heauen, or heauenly powers adore?
 Which so vniustly do their iudgements share;
 Mongst earthly wights, as to afflict so sore
 The innocent, as those which do transgresse,
 And doe not spare the best or fairest, more
 Than worst or fowlest, but doe both oppresse.

If this be right, why did they then create
 The world so faire, sith fairenesse is neglected?
 Or why be they themselues immaculate,
 If purest things be not by them respected?
 She faire, she pure, most faire, most pure she was,
 Yet was by them as thing impure reiected:
 Yet she in purenesse, heauen it selfe did pas.

In purenesse and in all celestiall grace,
 That men admire in goodly womankind;
 She did excell and seem'd of Angels race,
 Liuing on earth like Angell new diuinde,
 Adorn'd with wisedome and with chastitie:
 And all the dowries of a noble mind,
 Which did her beautie much more beautifie.

No

No age hath bred (since faire *Astrea* left
The sinfull world) more vertue in a wight,
And when she parted hence, with her she rest
Great hope; and robd her race of bountie quight:
Well may the shepheard lasses now lament,
For double losse by her hath on them light;
To loose both her and bounties ornament.

Ne let *Elisa* royall Shepheardeesse
The praises of my parted loue enuy,
For she hath praises in all plenteousnesse,
Powr'd vpon her, like showers of *Castaly*
By her owne Shepheard, *Colin* her own Shepherd,
That her with heauenly hymnes doth deifie,
Of rusticke muse full hardly to be betterd.

She is the Rose, the glory of the day,
And mine the Primrose in the lowly shade,
Mine, ah not mine; amisse I mine did say:
Not mine but his, which mine awhile her made:
Mine to be his, with him to liue for ay:
O that so faire a flowre so soone should fade,
And through vntimely tempest fall away.

She fell away in her first ages spring,
Whilst yet her leafe was greene, & fresh her rinde,
And whilst her braunch faire blossomes foorth did
She fell away against all course of kinde: (bring,
For age to dye is right, but youth is wrong;
She fell away like fruit blowne downe with winde:
Weepe Shepheard weepe to make my vndersong..

2 VVhat hart so stonic hard, but that would weepe,
 And poure forth fountaines of incessant teares?
 What *Timon*, but would let compassion creepe
 Into his breast, and pierce his frozen eares?
 In stead of teares, whose brackish bitter well
 I wasted haue, my heart bloud dropping weares,
 To thinke to ground how that faire blossome fell.

Yet fell she not, as one enforst to dye,
 Ne dyde with dread and grudging discontent,
 But as one toyld with trauell downe doth lye,
 So lay she downe, as if to sleepe she went,
 And closde her eyes with carelesse quietnesse;
 The whiles soft death away her spirit hent,
 And soule assayld from sinfull fleshlinesse.

Yet ere that life her lodging did forsake,
 She all resolu'd and readie to remone,
 Calling to me (ay me) this wife bespake;
Alcyon, ah my first and latest lone,
 Ah why does my *Alcyon* weepe and mourne,
 And grieue my ghost, that ill mote him behoue,
 As if to me had chaunst some cuill tourne?

I, since the messenger is come for mee,
 That summons soules vnto the bridale feast
 Of his great Lord, must needs depart from thee,
 And straight obay his soneraine behest:
 Why should *Alcyon* then so sore lament,
 That I from miserie shall be releast,
 And freed from wretched long imprisonment?

Our

DAPHNAIDA.

61

Our daies are full of dolour and disease,
Our life afflicted with incessant paine,
That nought on earth may lessen or appease.
Why then should I desire here to remaine?
Or why should he that loues me, sorrie bee
For my deliurance, or at all complaine
My good to heare, and toward ioyes to see?

I goe, and long desired haue to goe,
I goe with gladnesse to my wished rest,
Whereas no worlds sad care, nor wasting woe
May come their happie quiet to molest,
But Saints and Angels in celestiall thrones
Eternally him praise, that hath them blest;
There shall I be amongst those blessed ones.

Yet ere I goe, a pledge I leauie with thee
Of the late loue, the which betwixt vs past,
My young *Ambrosia*, in lieu of mee
Loue her: so shall our loue for euer last.
Thus deare adieu, whom I expect ere long:
So hauing said, away she softly past: (song.
Weepe Shepheard weepe, to make mine vnder-

3 So oft as I record those piercing words,
Which yet are deepe engrauen in my brest,
And those last deadly accents, which like swounds
Did wound my heart and rend my bleeding chest,
With those sweet sugred speeches doe compare,
The which my soule first conquerd and possest,
The first beginners of my endlesse care;

I

DAPHNAIDA.

And when those pallid cheekeſ and ashie hew,
 In which ſad death his pourtraiſture had writ,
 And when those hollow eyes and deadly view,
 On which the cloud of ghastly night did ſit,
 I match with that ſweete ſmile and chearful brow,
 Which all the world subdued vnto it ;
 How happie was I then, and wretched now ?

How happie was I, when I ſaw her leade
 The ſhepheards daughters dauncing in arownd ?
 How trimly would ſhe trace and softly tread
 The tender graffe with roſy garland crownd ?
 And when ſhe lift aduance her heauenly voyce,
 Both Nymphes & Mufes nigh ſhe made aſtownd,
 And flockes and ſhepheards cauſed to reioyce.

But now ye ſhepheard lasses, who ſhall lead
 Your wandring troupes, or ſing your virelayes ?
 Or who ſhall dight your bowres, ſith ſhe is dead.
 That was the Lady of your holy dayes ?
 Let now your bliſſe be turned into bale,
 And into plaints conuert your ioyous playes,
 And with the ſame fill euery hill and dale.

Let Bagpipe neuer more be heard to shrill,
 That may allure the ſenes to delight ;
 Ne euer Shepheard found his Oaten quill
 Vnto the many, that prouoke them might
 To idle pleafance : but let ghastlinesse
 And drearie horror dim the chearefull light,
 To make the image of true heauinesse.

Let

Let birds be silent on the naked spray,
 And shady woods resound with dreadfull yells:
 Let streaming floods their hastic courses stay,
 And parching drouth drie vp the christall wells;
 Let th'earth be barren and bring foorth no flowres,
 And th'ayre be fild with noyse of dolefull knells,
 And wandring spirits walke vntimely howres.

And Nature nurse of euery liuing thing,
 Let resther selfe from her long weariness,
 And cease henceforth things kindly forth to bring,
 But hideous monsters full of vgliness:
 For she it is, that hath me done this wrong,
 No nurse, but Stepdame, cruell, mercilesse,
 WEEP Shepheard weep to make my vndersong.

4 My little flocke, whom earst I lou'd so well,
 And wont to feede with finest grasse that grew,
 Feede ye henceforth on bitter Astrofell,
 And stinking Smallage, and vnsauerie Rew;
 And when your mawes are with those weeds cor:
 Be ye the pray of Wvolues: ne will I rew, (rupted,
 That with your carkasses wild beasts be glutted.

Ne worse to you my sillie sheepe I pray,
 Ne sorer vengeance wish on you to fall
 Than to my selfe, for whose confusde decay
 To carelesse heauens I doo daylie call:
 But heauens refuse to heare a wretches cry,
 And cruell death doth scorne to come at call,
 Or graunt his boone that most desires to dyc.

DAPHNAIDA.

The good and righteous he away doth take,
 To plague th'vnrighteous which aliue remaine:
 But the vngodly ones he doth forsake,
 By liuing long to multiply their paine:
 Elsurely death should be no punishment,
 As the great Judge at first did it ordaine,
 But rather riddance from long languishment.

Therefore my *Daphne* they haue tane away;
 For worthie of a better place was she:
 But me vnworthie willed here to stay,
 That with her lacke I might tormented be.
 Sith then they so haue ordred, I will pay
 Penance to her according their decree,
 And to her ghost doe seruice day by day.

For I will walke this wandring pilgrimage,
 Throuhout the world from one to other end,
 And in affliction waste my better age.
 My bread shall be the anguish of my mynd,
 My drink the teares which fro mine eyes do raine,
 My bed the ground that hardest I may fynd:
 So will I wilfully increase my paine.

And the my loue that was, my Saint that is,
 When she beholds from her celestiall throne,
 (In which shée ioyeth in eternall blis)
 My bitter penance, will my case bemone,
 And pitie me that liuing thus doo die:
 For heauenly spirits haue compassion
 On mortall men, and rue their miserie.

DAPHNAIDA.

65

So when I haue with sorrow satisfyde
 Th'importune fates, which vengeance on me seeke,
 And th'auenens with long languor pacifyde,
 She for pure pitie of my sufferance mecke,
 Will send for me; for which I daylie long,
 And will tell then my painfull penance ecke:
 Weepe Shepheard, weepe to make my vndersong.

5 Hencefoorth I hate what euer Nature made,
 And in her workmanship no pleasure finde:
 For they be all but vaine, and quickly fade,
 So soone as on them blowes the Northern winde,
 They tarrie not, but flit and fall away,
 Leauing behind them nought but griefe of minde,
 And mocking such as thinke they long will stay.

I hate the heauen, because it doth withhold
 Me from my loue, and eke my loue from me;
 I hate the earth, because it is the mould
 Of fleshly slime and fraile mortalitie;
 I hate the fire, because to nought it flyes,
 I hate the Ayre, because sighes of it be,
 I hate the Sea, because it teares supplyes.

I hate the day, because it lendeth light
 To see all things, and not my loue to see;
 I hate the darknesse and the dreary night,
 Because they breed sad balefulnesse in mee;
 I hate all times, because all times doo fly
 So fast away, and may not stayed bee,
 But as a speedie post that passeth by.

DAPHNAIDA.

I hate to speake, my voyce is spent with crying:
 I hate to heare, lowd plaints haue duld mine eares:
 I hate to tast, for food withholds my dying:
 I hate to see, mine eyes are dimd with teares:
 I hate to smell, no sweet on earth is left:
 I hate to feele, my flesh is numb d with feares:
 So all my sensies from me are bereft.

I hate all men, and shun all womankinde;
 The one, because as I they wretched are,
 The other, for because I doo not finde
 My loue with them, that wont to be their Starre:
 And life I hate, because it will not last,
 And death I hate, because it life doth marre,
 And all I hate, that is to come or past.

So all the world, and all in it I hate,
 Because it changeth euer too and fro,
 And neuer standeth in one certaine state,
 But still vnstedfast round about doth goe,
 Like a Mill wheele, in midst of miserie,
 Driuen with streames of wretchednesse and woe,
 That dying liues, and living still does dye.

So doo I liue, so doo I daylie die,
 And pine away in selfe-consuming paine,
 Sith she that did my vitall powres supplie,
 And feeble spirits in their force maintaine
 Is fetcht fro me, why seeke I to prolong
 My wearie daies in dolour and disdaine?
 WEEP Shepheard weape to make my vndersong.

Who

DAPHNAIDA

67

6 Why doo I longer liue in lifes despight?
And doo not dye then in despight of death:
Why doo I longer see this loathsome light,
And doo in darknesse not abridge my breath,
Sith all my sorrow should haue end thereby,
And cares finde quiet; is it so vneath
To leauue this life, or dolorous to dye?

To liue I finde it deadly dolorous;
For life drawes care, and care continuall woe:
Therefore to dye must needes be ioyeouis,
And wishfull thing this sad life to forgote.
But I must stay; I may it not amend,
My *Daphne* hence departing bad me so,
She bad me stay, till she for me did send.

Yet whilst I in this wretched vale doo stay,
My wearie feete shall euer wandring be,
That still I may be readie on my way,
When as her messenger doth come for me:
Ne will I rest my feete for feeblenesse,
Ne will I rest my limines for frailtie,
Ne will I rest mine eyes for heauinessse.

But as the mother of the Gods, that sought
For faire *Eurydice* her daughter deere
Throghout the world, with wofull heauie thought;
So will I trauell whilst I tarrie heere,
Ne will I lodge, ne will I euer lin,
Ne when as drouping *Titan* draweth neere
To loose his teame, will I take vp my Inne.

DAPHNAIDA.

Ne sleepe (the harbenger of wearie wights)
 Shall cuer lodge vpon mine eye-lids more;
 Ne shall with rest refresh my fainting sprights,
 Nor failing force to former strength restore,
 But I will wake and sorrow all the night
 With *Philumene*, my fortune to deplore,
 VVith *Philumene*, the partner of my plight.

And cuer as I see the starre to fall,
 And vnder ground to goe, to give them light
 Which dwel in darknesse, I to mind will call,
 How my faire Starre (that shind on me so bright)
 Fell sodainly, and faded vnder ground;
 Since whose departure, day is turnd to night,
 And night without a ~~new~~ starre is found.

But soone as day doth shew his deawie face,
 And cals foorth men vnto their toylsome trade,
 I will withdraw me to some darkesome place,
 Or some deere came, or solitarie shade,
 There will I sigh, and sorrow all day long,
 And the huge burden of my cares vnlaide:
 Weepe Shepheard, weepe, to make my vndersong.

7 Henceforth mine eyes shall never more behold
 Faire thing on earth, ne feed on false delight
 Of ought that framed is of mortall mould,
 Sith that my fairest flower is faded quight:
 For all I see is vaine and transitorie,
 Ne will be held in any stedfast plight,
 But in a moment loose their grace and glorie.

And

DAPHNAIDA.

69

And ye fond men, on fortunes wheele that ride,
Or in ought vnder heauen repose assurance,
Be it riches, beautie, or honours pride:
Be sure that they shall haue no long endurance,
But ere ye be aware will flit away;
For nought of them is yours, but th'only vsance
Of a small time, which none ascertaine may.

And ye true Louers, whom desastrous chaunce
Hath farrc exiled from your Ladies grace,
To mourne in sorrow and sad sufferaunce,
When ye doe heare me in that desert place,
Lamenting loud my *Daphnes Elegie*,
Help me to waile my miserable case,
And when life parts, vouchsafe to close mine eyc.

And ye more happiç Louers, which enjoy
The presence of your dearest loues delight,
When ye doe heare my sorrowfull annoy,
Yet pittie me in your empassiond spright,
And thinke that such mishap, as chaunst to me,
May happen vnto the most happiest wight;
For all mens states alike vnstedfast be.

And ye my fellow Shepheards, which do feed
Your carelesse flockes on hils and open plaines,
With better fortune, than did me succeed,
Remember yet my vndeserued paines,
And when ye heare, that I am dead or slaine,
Lament my lot, and tell your fellow swaines;
That sad *Alcyon* dyde in lifes disdaine.

K

DAPHNAIDA.

And ye faire Damsels Shepheards deare delighes,
 That with your loues do their rude hearts possesse,
 When as my hearse shall happen to your sightes,
 Vouchsafe to deck the same with Cyparesse,
 And euier sprinckle brackish teares among,
 In pitie of my vndeseru'd distresse,
 The which I wretch, endured haue thus long.

And ye poore Pilgrimes, that with restlesse toyle
 Wearie your selues in wandring desert wayes,
 Till that you come, where ye your vowes assoyle,
 When passing by ye reade these wofull layes
 On my graue written, rue my Daphnes wrong,
 And mourne for me that languish out my dayes:
 Cease Shepheard, cease, and end thy vndersong.

Thus when he ended had his heauie plaint,
 The heaviest plaint that ever I heard found,
 His cheeke wext pale, and sprights began to faint,
 As if againe he would haue fallen to ground,
 Which when I saw, I (stepping to him light)
 Amooued him out of his stonie swound,
 And gan him to recomfort as I might.

But he no wai'e recomforted wold be,
 Nor suffer solace to approach him ne,
 But casting vp aside in full sie at me,
 That in his tranced I wold not let him lie,
 Did rend his haire, and beat his blubbered face,
 As one disposed wilfullie to die,
 That I sore grieu'd to see his wretched case.

Tho

DAPHNAIDA.

71

Tho when the pang was somewhat ouerpast,
And the outragious passion nigh appeased,
I him desyrde, sith daie was ouercast,
And darke night fast approached, to be pleased
To turne aside vnto my Cabinet,
And staie with me, till he were better eased
Of that strong stownd, which hym so sore beset.

But by no meanes I could him win thereto,
Ne longer him intreate with me to staie,
But without taking leaue he foorth did goe
With staggring pace and dismall lookes dismay,
As if that death he in the face had seene,
Or hellish hags had met vpon the way:
But what of him became I cannot weene.

F I N I S.